THE [Numb. 736.]

# MARYLAND GAZETTE,

*Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.*

THURSDAY, *June* 14, 1759.

BOSTON, *May* 28.

LAST Wednesday Night arrived here Captain Machel in a Letter of Marque Ship (formerly the Drake Sloop of War) in Eight Weeks from London, and by the Public Prints to the 22d of March, we have the following Articles, viz.

PARIS, *March* 9.

THE Marquis de Montmorency Laval, Colonel of Foot, is arrived from the East-Indies with the following Particulars of the Success of the King's Forces against the English in that Part of the World:

The 28th of April, 1758, M. de Lally, General of the King's Forces, landed at Pondicherry with two Battalions of his Regiment. The same Day he detached the Count d'Estaing, with two Battalions of the Regiment of Lorrain, and 300 Indians, to go and invest Goudelour; and in the Night he set out himself with a Detachment of the Royal Corps of Artillery, 4 Pieces of Cannon, and the 2 Companies of Grenadiers of his own Regiment, in order to join the Count d'Estaing, before the above-mentioned Place, which capitulated the fourth Day of the Siege. M. de Lally immediately after caused Fort St. David to be invested, and in three Days Time his Troops carried the several Works that defended the approach to it, Sword in Hand; but the Badness of the Roads retarding the Arrival of the Artillery, it was the 20th of May before they could open the Trenches before the Fort, which held out to the 2d of June; when the Garrison, which consisted of 700 English Troops, and 1700 Blacks, were made Prisoners of War. The same Day that this Fort surrendered, M. de Lally sent a large Detachment to Divicotty, another Fort in the Possession of the English, about 28 Leagues from that of St. David, but the Enemy had abandoned it before our Troops came up, and mann'd up the Cannon, consisting of 80 Pieces. At Fort St. David they found 120 Pieces of Cannon and Mortars, M. de Lally, after providing for the Safety of these three Places, marched with the rest of the Forces towards Madrass, which he likewise proposed to make a Conquest of.

Besides the above Account, published by Order of the Court, the following is extracted from the Journals of the Squadron of the Count d'Apche, brought by the Sieur Larchantel, who was sent Express from India on board the Diligente Frigate.

The 27th of Jan. 1758, the Squadron commanded by the Count d'Apche sailed from the Isle of France for India. It then consisted of one of the King's Ships, eight of the India Company's, and two Frigates, viz. the Zodiaque of 74 Guns; the Comte de Provence, and the Bien-Aimé, each of 68 Guns; the Vengeur of 64; the Duc d'Orleans, Duc de Bourgogne, St. Louis, the Comte, and the Mars, each of 60 Guns; the Sylphide of 30, and the Diligente of 26. On the 28th of April this Fleet appeared upon the Coast of Coromandel, before the Town of Goudelour and Fort St. David. Tho' they were in want both of Provisions and Water, it was resolved to take Advantage of the Consternation which their Arrival occasioned at Goudelour, in order to block up that Place by Sea, whilst M. de Lally went to Pondicherry, in order to take Troops with him from thence to invest that Place on the Land Side, and in Consequence of this Resolution, the Comte de Provence Man of War, and the Diligente Frigate, were detached from the Fleet to go with M. de Lally to Pondicherry. The next Day, being the 24th, the Sylphide Frigate, which was upon the Look-out, made a Signal of having discovered a Squadron of nine Men of War. The Count d'Apche immediately drew up his in a Line of Battle, and after some Preparations on both Sides, the Engagement began about 2 in the Afternoon, and continued, with great Vivacity till Dark. We expected to renew the Engagement next Day, but the English Fleet, being somewhat shattered, thought proper to retire to Madrass in order to refit. The English Fleet which was commanded by Vice-Admiral Pocock, was composed of the Yarmouth, Elizabeth, Cumberland and Newcastle, each of 70 Guns; the Weymouth, Tiger and Salisbury of 60; the Protector of 44; and the Queenborough of 20 Guns.

On the 30th of April the French Squadron being off Alemparve, seven Leagues from Pondicherry, the Bien-Aimé Man of War having broke her Cable in the Night, was obliged to run ashore, and was lost, but all the Crew were saved. The 7th of May the Squadron arrived at Pondicherry, and landed the Troops, Ammunition and Money. The 18 of June the English Squadron was discovered at some Distance coming back from Madrass to the Relief of Fort St. David, the Siege of which was still carrying on. Upon this the Count d'Apche set Sail with his Fleet, but the English not being yet under the Fleet, retired again to Madrass. However the Squadron of M. d'Apche went the next Day, being the 2d of June, to Fort St. David, which not being relieved by the English Squadron, was obliged to capitulate. From the 4th to the 10th of June that M. d'Apche came back with the Fleet to Pondicherry, he kept within 6 of the Island of Ceylon, before Negapatnam and Tranquebar, during which Time he took an English Brigantine, called the Experiment, Captain Wilmore, and then left it to Pondicherry, where the whole Fleet anchored the 18th and 19th till the 27th of June, which Time was employed in disembarking and taking in a fresh Supply of Provisions. But the English Squadron appearing again, the Count d'Apche again set Sail with the same Number of Ships as before, except the Bien-Aimé, which was lost, and the Sylphide Frigate, which was dismissed. The two Squadrons were in Sight, and watched each other five or six Days; but at length on the 3d of August, about 1 o'Clock in the Afternoon, they engaged with great Fury, and continued so to do for above two Hours without any decisive Advantage. The English Squadron suffered greatly on this second Engagement, and the Count d'Apche would have had all the Advantage of it, had it not been for some Accidents which happened on board his own Ship, and the Comte de Provence, the Sails and Rigging of which were set on Fire by the unfair Practices of the English. The same Thing happened to the Zodiaque, with this additional Calamity, that the Fire had like to have communicated to the Powder Room. After these Accidents, the Squadron was obliged to retreat, the Zodiaque bringing up the Rear, and the next Day cast Anchor off Pondicherry, where the English did not attempt to attack them any more. The Ships being fitted in August, the Count d'Apche sailed from Pondicherry the 3d of September, and arrived the 27th of November at the Isle of France, where he found his Majesty's Ships la Minotaure, l'Illustre, and l'Actif.

According to the List of the Killed and Wounded in the two Engagements of the 29th of April and 3d of August, there were 370 killed, and 1300 wounded, on board the Zodiaque only; and the Lists of the whole Squadron amounted to 851 killed, and 602 wounded.

*Paris, March* 5. The Conquest of Fort St. David is looked on as a Prelude to that of Madrass. Our Troops must have found great Riches in Fort St. David, the English Merchants having, it is said, lodged there a good Part of their Effects, thinking that the safest Asylum for them upon the Coast of Coromandel.

It is confidently said that the King is resolved to allow his Protestant Subjects to have a Deputy or Representative always near his Person, to inform him of their just Complaints; in Consequence of which, and as a Proof of their Attachment to his Majesty, the whole Body are to furnish to him 50,000,000 of Livres. It is also said, that a List hath been taken of the Protestant Officers in the Army, and that a new Order of Knighthood will soon be instituted, into which they may be admitted.

*Paris, March* 12. The French Guards have Orders to march the 25th of this Month, but we know not yet what Route they are to take. There is a great Talk here of a quintuple Alliance, which is said to be on the Carpet. One of our Privateers, belonging to Dunkirk, has been wrecked upon the English Coast, and every Person on board perished.

*Nuremberg, March* 6. There has been a brisk Skirmish in Voigtland, wherein the Regiments of Bareuth and Brentlack, Austrian Cuirassiers, are said to have suffered pretty much.

*Brieg, March* 9. It is just now reported that the Prussians took Possession of Ilmeau and Indendbeth last Tuesday. All Thuringia and the neighbouring Country swarms again with Prussian Troops.

*Berlin, March* 5. A Manifesto by the King is just published, addressed to the Republic of Poland, and dated at Breslau the 3d of this Month, wherein his Majesty declares, that the present Circumstances of Things obliged him to send a Body of his Troops into the Kingdom of Poland; that he had an good a Title to a Passage thro' the Republic's Territories as the Russians, and that he had no Intention to commence Hostilities against his Polish Majesty, or the Subjects of the Republic. His Majesty excepts only some Individuals, who may possibly feel the Weight of his Indignation, for having openly sided with his Enemies.

Twenty-five Squadrons, and 12 Battalions of Prussian Troops, under Major-General Woberznow, marched from Glogau on the 23d ult. and entered Poland by Lika. They sent Prince Salkowski, whom they took with 230 Men in his Castle of Reuden, to Glogau. After which they marched towards Pomerania, and were to be on the 26th at Gnesne, where the Russians have a large Magazine, guarded by 4000 Cossacks.

*Vienna, Feb.* 28. The Prussians are already in Motion in all Parts. Their grand Army, it is said, is assembling between Breslau and Schweidnitz, another Corps of 40,000 Men is formed in the Neighbourhood of Neiss, and three Regiments are marching from Glogau to Posen. We have Advices from Silesia, that the Prussians have made themselves Masters of Troppau. We impute the Cause of these Motions to the Conduct of a large Party of our light Troops, who, before the Expiration of the Suspension of Arms agreed upon between the two Armies till the End of this Month, had carried off some Hundreds of Recruits from the Hospital at Bolkau; at which the King of Prussia being enraged, immediately sent Orders to his Generals to recommence Hostilities, without any Regard to the Armistice. It is yet uncertain on what Side their principal Efforts will be made; but as it is very likely they design to fall upon our Quarters in Moravia, 20 Regiments are ordered that Way; and some others to the Confines of Silesia, to support General de Ville. We are assured that Marshal Daun has at length obtained his Request, and will set out in a few Days with a Chaise to Silesia. The King of Prussia arrived at Neiss the 10th, and it is said he has demolished the Capuchine Convent to establish a Battery there; and entirely ruined that City, so as not to be repair'd, and the Konigsberg Mountain to be fortified.

*Paris, March* 15. We are fitting out at Rochefort one Man of War of 74 Guns, one of 70, two of 64, one of 50, and three Frigates of 30 Guns each.

*Erfurth, March* 5. The grand Army of the Body of Prussians that lately entered this City, are again in Motion, in order to advance towards the Frontiers of Hessia, and there join the Hanoverian and Hessian Troops under the Command of the Prince of Isenburgh. General Clostbeck remains here with only two Battalions and a few Squadrons of Hussars, which are judged sufficient to continue the Blockade of the Castle of Petersberg, the Garrison of which is much weakened by Desertion, many of its Men daily slipping away to the Prussians, and enlisting with them.

*Berlin, March* 8. The Prussian Forces that have entered Poland are making forced Marches to join General Manstuffel, in order to act with more Vigour against the Russians, who are cantoned near Thorn, and other Places along the Vistula. If this Junction can be effected, and the Russian Magazines in different Parts of Poland be seized, the Russians will be in much the same Situation as the French were last Year in the Electorate of Hanover.

*Hague, March* 12. On the 28th of last Month, Major Clogloch surprized the City of Erfurth. The Garrison consisting of some Austrian Battalions, and some Troops of the Circles, are not to act against the King of Prussia, or his Allies, during the War.

*Amsterdam, March* 14. The Admiralty-College of this City have just got five more Men of War in Commission, viz. one of 64 Guns, two of 54, one of 44, and one of 24 Guns.

LONDON, *March* 3.

The happy Success and Glory of the past Year, which will appear strongly from the under Account, ought to fill every Englishman with the highest Pleasure and Gratitude to the Divine Providence, and also to the Administration under the Direction of which they have been obtained.

*Expeditions since the Beginning of the Spanish War* 1739, *to the End of January* 1759.

1739. Expedition to Ferrol, Sir John Norris. *Miscarried.*

1740. Expedition to the South Seas, Admiral Anson. *Miscarried.*

1741. Expedition against Carthagena, with the Loss of 20,000 Men, General Wentworth, Admiral Vernon. *Miscarried.*

1743. Attack of Toulon, of the combined Spanish and French Fleets, Admiral Mathews, Admiral Lestock. *Miscarried.*

1746. Expedition designed against Canada, with the American Forces, and a Supply of Regulars from England, intended to join them at Albany; where the former rendezvoused, laid aside. *Miscarried.*

1746. Expedition against Port L'Orient, General Sinclair, Admiral Lestock. *Miscarried.*

1747. Expedition to the East-Indies, Admiral Boscawen. *Miscarried.*

1755. Expedition against Fort Duquesne, General Braddock. *Miscarried.*

1756. Expedition for the Relief of Oswego. *Miscarried.*

1756. Expedition for raising the Siege of Port-Mahon, Byng. *Miscarried.*

1757. Expedition against Louisburg, Earl of Loudoun, Admiral Holbourne. *Miscarried.*

1757. Expedition against Rochefort, General Mordaunt, Admiral Hawke, Admiral Knowles. *Miscarried.*

1758. Expedition for taking Louisburg, and the Islands of Cape-Breton and St. John, General Amherst, Admiral Boscawen. *Succeeded.*

1758. Expedition to Senegal, Commodore Marsh, M. Maion. *Succeeded.*

1758. Expedition against Fort Frontenac, Col. Bradstreet. *Succeeded.*

1758. Expedition against Fort Duquesne, Gen. Forbes. *Succeeded.*

1758. Expedition against the Fort and Island of Goree, Commodore Keppel. *Succeeded.*

1758. Expedition against Ticonderoga, General Abercrombie. *Miscarried.*

1758. Expedition for destroying the Shipping, &c. in the Harbour of St. Malo, Duke of Marlborough, Commodore Howe. *Succeeded.*

1758. Expedition for taking Cherburg, and destroying the Basin and Shipping there, General Blythe, Commodore Howe. *Succeeded.*

1758. Expedition against St. Malo, General Blythe, Commodore Lord Howe, 2000 French, and 200 English, killed.

Letters from Gibraltar, dated the 28th of January, say, that they had Advices from Majorca, which mentioned the great Apprehensions the French were under at Minorca, as they expected to see a formidable English Squadron in the Mediterranean this Spring, for which Reason a great Number of Men were constantly employed in repairing and adding new Works to the Fortifications of Port-Mahon.

The Garon, a French Ship of 300 Tons, from Brest to St. Domingo, with Provisions and Stores, is taken and sent into Plymouth by the Brilliant Man of War; who has also taken another, but she is not yet arrived.

The Le Mouche Privateer of Havre de Grace, of 8 Guns, and 81 Men, is taken by the Coventry and Thetford Men of War, and carried into Cork.

The

*March* 8. Thither a large Quantity of Gunpowder, Lead Shot, and other military Stores, were shipped for New-England.

The Prince Edward of 36 Guns, which was separated from the reſt of Commodore Keppel's Squadron, has brought into Portſmouth a French Prize named the Cheveril, of between 2 and 300 Tons Burthen, bound from St. Domingo to Bayonne, and laden with Coffee, Indico, &c. which makes it imagined ſhe will turn out a very rich Prize.

A Maſter of a Veſſel lately arrived from North-America, is taken up on Suſpicion of having been the Death of a young Lad, who had ſhipp'd himſelf on board in order to return to his Parents in London, from whence he went ſome Time ago.

Laſt Tueſday Morning died at Plymouth, greatly regretted, Henry Harriſon, Eſq; Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

It is ſaid that Major General Granville Elliot is appointed to act as Major General in Germany the next Campaign, in the Room of Sir John Whiteford, Bart. whoſe ill State of Health obliges him to come over.

*Extract of a Letter found on board the Mail Poſt, Hans Evertz, from Curaçoa to Amſterdam, with a French Cargo, now under Condemnation.*

"Mr. Jan Van Eeghen, in Amſterdam.

"CURAÇOA, *June* 2, 1758.

"There lately arrived here a Ship from Martinico, to provide herſelf with Papers, as if ſhe had taken in her Cargo here: And as the bad Conſequences thereof were very evident, ſeveral Merchants went to the Governor, and acquainted him with the Detriment it would be of, deſiring him not to give the Ship any Papers. But the Governor was pleaſed to perſiſt in his Reſolution, and gave for Anſwer, That he would furniſh the Ship with whatever Papers he thought proper. Whereupon the Merchants proteſted againſt the Governor for all Damages and Loſſes that might be occaſioned thereby, and have likewiſe tranſmitted their Complaints to the Honourable Court of Directors. This ſame Ship departed from the Harbour Yeſterday Morning, and in the Afternoon was taken by an Engliſh Privateer, which ſailed from this Harbour two Days ago, and conſequently was well acquainted with the Affair, &c. &c.

VISSER & MEYROOM."

*Extract of a Letter from on board the Northumberland Man of War, dated Plymouth, March* 5.

"We ſailed from St. Helens, February 14, with Admiral Holmes for New-York, and had got as far to the Southward as Lat. 45 N. the Start bearing N. E. 194 Leagues from us, when, on Sunday, February 25, we met with a Gale of Wind from the South-weſt, which carried away our Fore-maſt and Main-top-maſt, which, in its Fall, ſtruck upon the Lee Main-yard Arm, where there were above 45 Men attempting to hand that Sail, all of whom we thought we ſhould have loſt, together with the Maſt, but by great Providence we only loſt one Man, but ſeveral were hurt. About an Hour before our Maſt went overboard, which was about Seven o'Clock in the Morning, we repeated the Admiral's Signal to lie to, ſince which we have ſeen nothing of the Fleet but two Tranſports, with all ſtanding. The Gale continued to blow exceſſively hard from Four in the Morning until Twelve at Night, with a very heavy Sea running, in which our Ship laboured very much. After Twelve, the Gale abated a little; on the 26th, at Ten in the Morning, we ſet our Sprit-ſail, and got a Top-Gallant-Sail upon the Stump of the Fore-Maſt, and began to get up Jury-Maſts, and bore away for England with the Wind Weſterly."

Thurſday the Baggage of the Right Honourable the Marquis of Granby, Lord Viſcount Downe, &c. with their Horſes, ſet out for Graveſend, in order to go on board the Tranſports for Germany.

The laſt Letters from Leghorn adviſe, that the Gibraltar Man of War is blocked up at Villa Franca by three French Men of War, one of the Line, and two Frigates.

By a Letter from Liſbon we have an Account, that upwards of 60 more Perſons were ſeized there, on a violent Suſpicion of having been concerned in the late Aſſaſſination Plot againſt the Life of his Majeſty, and that among them were 32 Jeſuits.

General Bland's Regiment of Dragoons are going to join the Allied Army in Germany, and are at preſent quartered round Blackheath, Darford, &c.

All the Recruits and Draughts are alſo quartered, ſo as to embark as ſoon as the Tranſports can get down to Graveſend to receive them on board.

This Week all the Dragoons will embark at Graveſend, to join the Allied Army.

Some Ships of War are ſpeedily going to the Mediterranean.

We hear that the Officers who are going to Germany, have Orders to ſet out next Week at fartheſt, for their reſpective Corps.

The Scourge Privateer of London, being on a Cruize, a few Days ago, received Information, that amongſt ſeveral Dutch Ships that were at Sea, under Convoy of two Men of War, there were two laden with Maſts and Stores for Breſt; and coming up with the Fleet, he demanded thoſe Ships, but they denied having any ſuch in Company; upon which the Privateer left them, and ſoon after fell in with a ſmaller Fleet of Dutchmen, whom the Capt. of the Scourge acquainted with the Advice he had received; the Dutch Commodore made a Signal for ſuch Ships to bring to, if there were any; and two Ships did accordingly bring to, but the Commodore refuſed to let the Scourge board them, and told the Captain if he offered it he would throw a Broad-ſide into him. So the Privateer bore away to the Downs, and acquainted the Commanding Officer with the Affair; whereupon two Men of War were ordered to ſlip their Cables and purſue the Dutch Fleet, but they are returned without meeting with them.

*March* 17. The Channel ſwarms with French Privateers, and Dutch or French Ships, with Dutch Paſſports and Papers; which, to our great Mortification, we dare not touch.

*March* 19. Some Letters that came by a Ship which arrived laſt Friday from Stettin, give an Account, that the Pruſſians in Pomerania were in high Spirits, and determined to give the Swedes little Time to breathe, but would endeavour to drive them out of that Country; for which End they had prepared to beſiege Stralſund, which they were reſolved to have at all Events; and then to face about and meet the Ruſſians. It is further ſaid, that a great Number of Swediſh Deſerters and Priſoners have entered into the Pruſſian Service.

*March* 22. They write from Leghorn of the 18th of February, that the Engliſh Privateers under Pruſſian Colours had taken a great many Swediſh and Imperial Ships.

Letters from Peterſburgh give an Account of great Damage done by an Earthquake on the 9th of December laſt, in the Muſcovite Lavonia.

*Extract of a Letter from Frankfort.*

"If the King of Pruſſia can ſtem the Torrent that threatens to overwhelm his Dominions but this Campaign, he breaks the Confederacy. The Auſtrians had repreſented it as an eaſy Matter at Peterſburgh, to cruſh his riſing Power, but the Battle of Cuſtrin ſeems to have informed them, that the Thing is not ſo eaſily done; and the Lives of 40,000 of their beſt Troops, who have periſhed in this Expedition, has convinced them, that even Numbers are not always ſure of Succeſs, when oppoſed by Courage, and military Skill. The Swedes, who are naturally brave, and look upon the King of Pruſſia in the Light he deſerves, have probably entered into this War only in Oppoſition to the Views of their King; their ill Succeſs has rendered this Meaſure unpopular; and therefore we ſhall not be ſurpriſed to hear of Propoſals of Peace from that Quarter. The French, having only their own Intereſt in View, after having ſufficiently embroiled Affairs, will ſlip their Necks out of the Collar; and the Empreſs Queen who has not now the Purſe of England to ſupport her, muſt accept ſuch Terms as her Adverſary ſhall pleaſe to grant.—Thus reaſon our Politicians here; whether their Conjectures are right, Time only can determine.

*March* 22. The Pruſſians found a large Magazine at Erfurth, with ſeveral Thouſands of Palliſades, which the Enemy had amaſſed there during the Winter.

Six or 7 Carolina Ships have been miſſing about half a Year, and were ſuppoſed to have foundered at Sea, or been wrecked on Scilly Rocks; but are now found to be in the Harbour of Port l'Orient, the Governor of which Place would not, till lately, ſuffer the Maſters of thoſe Ships to write over to their Owners and Friends.

The Hereditary Prince of Heſſe Caſſel, at the King of Pruſſia's Requeſt, has ſigned an Act, whereby he engages, in Caſe of the Death of the Landgrave, his Father, to fulfil literally all the Stipulations in the new Treaty of Subſidy lately concluded between the ſaid Landgrave and the King of Great-Britain.

*Portſmouth, March* 21. The Griffin Frigate is gone to the Weſt-Indies with an Expreſs to Commodore Moore. Admiral Boſcawen is expected here this Night. His Squadron is ready. Yeſterday ſailed for the Mediterranean, the Newark, Capt. Holbourne, and Shannon, Capt. Meadows. The Echo, Capt. Lafarey, is ordered for America.

CANTERBURY-Tuesday's Gazette, &c. &c.

The Little Carpenter, with his Attendants, is ſet out on his Return for the Cherokee Country. He behaved very well during the whole Time of his Stay here, went off exceedingly ſatisfied, and appeared deſirous of nothing ſo much, as to be eſteemed a true Friend to the Britiſh Government and their Allies.

By Captain Marſhall from Providence, we learn, that a ſmall Privateer Schooner, called the Polly, not ſo large as one of our Fiſhing Boats, belonging to Mr. Lawrence Donaldſon of that Iſland, with only 27 Hands, and commanded by Capt. Alexander Wrait, has lately taken and carried in there a very large Dutch Ship of 12 Carriage Guns, and 25 Men, laden with Sugars, &c. from Porto-au-Prince, where ſhe had lain ſome Months; and is likely to prove the richeſt Prize that has been carried in there this War. Capt. Wrait's attempting the taking this Ship is looked upon to be a very great Inſtance of Gallantry in him and his People; for had the Dutchmen made the leaſt Defence, any of them with a good Club might have prevented the Privateer's People entering the Ship, who were obliged to mount the Schooner's Maſts to board.

*May* 5. Saturday laſt King Heigler, with his Catawbas, returned for his own Country, as perfectly ſatisfied with their Reception and Treatment here, as we have been with their Conduct as Allies.

BOSTON, *May* 28.

Friday laſt arrived here Capt. Malcom in 9 Days from Louiſburg, and informs, That a Snow had arrived there from Admiral Durell, with Advice that the Ice coming down in ſuch great Quantities he was not able to get above half Way up to Gaſpey, and before the Snow left him was drove down again almoſt to the Mouth of the River, but that the Admiral intended to make another Attempt to get up.—That laſt Wedneſday Se'nnight his Majeſty's Ship Northumberland of 70 Guns, Lord Colvill, arrived there in 37 Days from England; and that the next Day Admiral Saunders came in with 12 Sail of the Line from Halifax. Capt. Malcom alſo informs, that off Canſoe Bay he ſpoke with the Nightingale Frigate, having under her Convoy 12 Tranſports from New-York, with Col. Fraſer's Highland Regiment on board, alſo bound to Louiſburg; And that prodigious large Quantities of Ice were ſtill floating about near the Harbour of Louiſburg. And,

Yeſterday Morning Capt. Cloutſon arrived here from Louiſburg, which Place he left three Days after Capt. Malcom, and informs that Admiral Durell with his Fleet ſtill remained out:—That the Richmond Frigate had taken off Louiſburg, after a ſmart Engagement, a large Spaniſh Store-ſhip bound to Canada, but that ſhe was not arrived when he came away:—That Admiral Saunders and Holmes remained in that Harbour:—That laſt Saturday Se'nnight he ſpoke with ſome of the Fleet which ſail'd from this Place about a Fortnight ſince, having on board the Train of Artillery, and his Majeſty's 48th Regiment, about 10 Leagues to the Eaſtward of Halifax, the Weather being very foggy he could not diſcern whether the Fleet was together:—He alſo informs, that the Northumberland had brought a Confirmation of the Loſs of Fort St. David, in the Eaſt-Indies; and that our Fleet in the Channel had taken a French 64 Gun Privateer, bound home from the Coaſt of Guinea, and that they had alſo taken a French Man of War of 20 Guns, a Frigate, and three or four Tranſports, being Part of a Fleet bound to Canada.—That when they came from Louiſburg, he ſaw 12 Sail ſtanding in, ſuppoſed to be the Tranſports from New-York.

By a Letter from George's Fort, dated the 17th Inſtant, we learn, That his Excellency our Governor was then well, and had that Day a Conference with a Number of the Penobſcot Tribe of Indians, who deſired the Protection of his Excellency, and that they were to embark on board Capt. Hallowell the next Day for Penobſcot; that his Excellency was alſo to embark on board Capt. Hallowell for Penobſcot, the firſt fair Wind; And that Captain Cargill, on a late Scout, came across a Number of Indians, who fired on him, and then made off; Captain Cargill purſued them, killed and ſcalped one Squaw, took one Gun, and about 100 Dollars worth of Furrs.

Laſt Week Capt. Dizzy in the Sloop St. Joſeph, arrived at Marblehead in 20 Days from Oporto, who ſays that the King of Pruſſia had newly gain'd a compleat Victory over the Ruſſian Army.

Capt.

Capt. Mackel, who arrived here laſt Week in 8 Weeks from Lisbon, brings the ſame Account, which we heard while he lay in the Downs; That the Fleet was ſafe, which is Confirmation of Gloria ſeveral Accounts to that Purpoſe, but he could not procure it to bring with him.

On Friday laſt Evidence was taken before Mr. Cooper, of Annapolis, touching the Affair of Mr. Wells, who came to Town ſome Days before to be cut, which was done with Success by Mr. Stephen Gardiner; The Stone is very large and rough, ſomewhat in Shape of a Kidney, it weighs 3 and 1 Ounces and 20 Grains, it measures 6 Inches ever lengthways, and 5 Inches round the middle.——About 3 Weeks before Nathan Woodeſon, a Lad about 14 Years of Age, was brot from Newbury, and went thro' the ſame Operation; but the Stone breaking, the Bigneſs of it could not be aſcertained, tho' by the Pieces extracted it is tho't to have been not leſs than that mentioned above.——The Lad is now ſo well recovered as to be able to return home.

Wedneſday laſt an Expreſs returned here from Albany; we learn from thence, that two Men have been lately killed by the Enemy near Fort Edward. That one of Major Rogers's Parties of Rangers had ſent in a Priſoner which they had taken, who ſays, that the Farmers about Crown Point had deſtroyed their Habitations and Out-poſts, and were ordered to Montreal and Quebec; and that large Numbers of Indians were out in Scouting-Parties: We alſo learn, That Major Rogers had ſent an Expreſs to General Amherſt, on Saturday laſt, with an Account that a Party of Rangers, under Capt. Burbank, which had been out ſome Time, were miſſing; and 'twas tho't they having encamped at our old Encampment near Lake-George, and not keeping a good Look out, a large Body of the Enemy ſurrounded them, 30 in Number, and carried them off. The Rhode-Iſland and Part of Connecticut Troops were arrived at Albany. Our Provincial Troops under Brigadier Ruggles, were to march thro' the Greens Woods on Tueſday laſt.

NEW-PORT, *May* 29.

On Monday laſt arrived the Catharine, a French Schooner. She was bound from Guadaloupe to Coracoa. On the 5th of April, the Privateer Brig Lord Howe, of this Port, commanded by Roderick M'Cloud, fell in with her, and took her. Her Cargo conſiſts of Sugar and Rum.

The Tueſday following, another French Schooner, of about 80 Tons, taken on the 31ſt of March, by the ſame Privateer, came into Port. She was bound from Guadaloupe to Coracoa, is called Le Maria, and has a valuable Cargo, conſiſting of Sugar, Coffee, and Cotton.

NEW-YORK, *June* 4.

Thurſday Morning laſt came into Port, from Rhode-Iſland, the Snow Betſey, late of Liverpool; ſhe was taken by the Privateer Ship Count St. Florentine, from the Cape for Old France, who took two Veſſels more at the ſame Time, from Jamaica for England, in the Latitude of Bermuda; but the Betſey was retaken by the Royal Hunter, Captain Harriſon of this Port, the 3rd of April laſt, off the Weſtern Iſlands. She has about 100 Hogſheads of Sugar on board; when taken ſhe had 26 Hands, 24 of which the Privateer carried to France.

Yeſterday Captain Sheldon arrived here in 22 Days from Port Morant; in his Paſſage he fell in with three of his Majeſty's Ships, who had in Company ten Northern Veſſels that they had taken going to and from Monto-Chriſto, and were carrying them down to Jamaica.

The ſame Day the Captains Hardin and Gulford alſo arrived here, one in 19 Days from Morant, the other in 21 Days from Great-Iſland.

By the Captains of the above Veſſels, we learn, that three very valuable Priſes from the Cape for Old France, have lately been carried down to Jamaica, one of them a Dutchman, who fought the Peregrine Snow of War, Captain Uther, for five Glaſſes.

Extract of a Letter from the Bay of Honduras, dated the 23d of April, 1759.

"*Your Favour of the 20th of December, I have received, and am ſorry to inform you that the Bay is almoſt evacuated, and ſhortly expect will be completely ſo; and muſt inform you it is not in my Power to comply with your Requeſt, for thoſe Gentlemen, with the principal Inhabitants of any Note, have precipitately departed from hence, moſtly all their Slaves and moſt valuable Effects; and others are going off as faſt as they get their Intereſt away. The ſudden Rout is occaſioned by the brought Aſſurances of our remote Enemy (the Spaniards) intending with a ſuperior Force, entirely to extirpate us out of the Bay; and our Apprehenſions ſtill increaſing, by Numbers, Reports of their Approach, received one after another, Proviſions being ſcarce, many have diſcovered ſecret Fear, and others Preparations have been ſet on foot, for ſome time, to take*

X

*Effects from hence; and when Jane Packet of Port has departed from this Place, and many expect ſome——Goods and Proviſions are plenty, and cheap a Dog, there being no Buyers: Rum at Caſtlegarnet, and after the Rainy of the Cedro, were given up by the Rivers, there will not remain 300 Tons of Wood, nor all the Rum, and but little of that to be found as for the Uſe of Home: The ſame Inhabitants left two chief Settlement Caſtles; their principal Aim is to depart in Safety with their Effects: I expect Packets to be with you, and for further Particulars ſhall refer you till then. I am, &c. &c.*

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 7.

*Extract of a Letter from New-York, May* 31.

"We hear from Albany (the 27th of May) that the Rhode-Iſlanders were all come in, to about 150, which were then ſtill wanting to compleat them. That the greateſt Part of the Connecticut Forces arrived there, that and the preceding Day; as alſo two Regiments of the Maſſachuſetts, commanded by Brigadier Ruggles: That the Remainder were in Motion, and might be expected daily; as were likewiſe the Remains of the New-Jerſey Forces, of whom the major Part were arrived.

"We hear alſo, That a Serjeant and 12 Men of the late Brigadier General Forbes's Regiment, going from Still-Water to Scorticoke (where they had been to fetch Wood) in paſſing the Woods were attacked by a Party of Indians, who fired upon them before they ſaw them, and killed an Officer and two Men; the Remainder purſued, but could not overtake the Indians, and returned to their Camp; The Officers Name is Watts, was a Lieutenant in the ſaid Regiment, and was returning with them to his Camp: Two of the above Party were wounded.

"On hearing a Firing, ſome Detachments were immediately ſent acroſs the River from Still-Water and from Scorticoke, who ſcoured the Woods all around, but could ſee nothing of the Enemy."

On Tueſday laſt arrived here Capt. Lewis from Providence. Off of the Capes of Virginia he ſaw two Ships lying to, one of which very large; that on ſeeing him and another Veſſel, both ſteering to the Northward, they immediately ſet Sail, and gave Chace, but could not come up with them; and the ſmalleſt Ship, which chaced Capt. Lewis, bore away again for the large one.

On Monday Night laſt we had a moſt violent Thunderguſt here, in which ſeveral Houſes were ſtruck by the Lightning, and received ſome Damage, but providentially no Lives were loſt.

Laſt Night Capt. Falkner arrived here from Jamaica, and brought Advice of the Dreadnought, Seaford, and Harwick Men of War taking four valuable Priſes, from Port-au-Prince for Old-France, two Dutch, and two French Ships. Alſo that the Viper Snow of War had taken a rich Dutch Man, after a ſmart Engagement.

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 14.

We cannot find that the Report lately ſpread of the *French* having retaken *Pittſburg* (Fort *Duqueſne*) has any Truth in it; but have the ſtrongeſt Reaſons to hope that it was altogether without Foundation.

By the Ship *Hodſon*, Capt. ———, arrived in *St. Mary's* laſt Monday, from *Whitehaven*, there are Letters informing, that the Fleet for *Virginia* and *Maryland* was ready to ſail the 7th of *April*; and they may be every Day expected, if they are not met with by thoſe Two *French* Veſſels of War which are on our Coaſt.

Laſt Monday Night, *Llewellin's* Warehouſe in *St. Mary's* County was ſet on Fire by ſome vile Miſcreant, and burnt to the Ground, with about 200, ſome ſay 220 Hogſheads of Tobacco, and the Inſpectors Books! only 4 Hogſheads ſaved out of the Whole.

*To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the Second Day of July next, for ready Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or heavy Tobacco,*

ONE Hundred Acres of good LAND, lying in *Baltimore* County, near Mr. *William Murphy's*, and adjoining to Mr. *John Worthington's*; on which is a Dwelling-Houſe 24 Feet long and 16 wide, and near 2 Hundred Apple Trees. Fifteen Acres of the ſaid Land is cleared, and under Fence. The Sale to be on the Premiſes.

*I PROMISE*. JONATHAN RAWLINGS.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Snowden*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſized Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus R, and on the off Shoulder thus ; ſhe has a ſmall Star in her Forehead, paces a little, and is about 4 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. *I PAY.*

FRESH *LISBON* LEMONS, to be Sold by CHARLES WALLACE, in *Annapolis*, at Six Shillings per Dozen.

DESERTED from the 11th of this Inſtant *June*, from Capt. *Richard Pearis* of the Royal American Regiment, now Recruiting in *Annapolis*, *Thomas Rowden*, born in *Wiltſhire* in *England*, aged 22 Years, by Trade a Weaver, 5 Feet 6 Inches high, and of a brown Complexion. He had on a brown Jacket without Sleeves, and Buckſkin Breeches. He took with him a Bundle of Cloaths and a Cutlaſs. 1

Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Deſerter, and bring him to Capt. *Pearis*, or ſecure him in any Goal, and give him immediate Notice thereof, or any other Officer in the ſaid Service, ſhall receive Two Piſtoles Reward, and reaſonable Charges.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *James Patterſon*, at *Tom's-Creek* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare, a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Buttock with an H. 1

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. *I PAY.*

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on Tueſday the 5th Inſtant, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Burroughs*, born in *Lincolnſhire* in *England*, and bred a Farmer, he is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, and well-ſet, freſh colour'd, and much Pock marked. He took with him, a Pea-Jacket of a Reddiſh or Brick Duſt Colour, a *Ruſſia* Drab Coat half worn, and ſpotted in ſeveral Places with Tar, a Cloth coloured *German* Serge Waiſtcoat, a Pair of Leather Breeches, one white, one Check, and two Oſnabrigs Shirts, three Pair of Stockings, a Pair of black Leather Shoes, with Braſs Buckles, an old Felt Hat, and an old brown Wig, which he commonly wears. 2

The above Servant was imported here in the Snow *Trial*, Capt. *George Freebairn*, in *January* laſt.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Runaway, and delivers him to me at *Annapolis*, if taken in *Anne-Arundel* County, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings Reward; if taken out of ſaid County, and delivered as aforeſaid, ſhall receive Forty Shillings, beſides reaſonable Charges, paid by

JAMES MACCUBBIN.

*Annapolis, June* 7, 1759.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on Sunday the 3d Inſtant, a Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Read*, alias *Colbert*, by Trade a Jeweller and Motto Ring Engraver; he can write pretty well, and may probably have a forged Paſs; is a pert talkative Fellow, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, well-ſet, pale Complexion, grey Eyes, large Noſe, and wears dark brown Hair, which is ſhort, and curl'd. Had on when he went away, a white Frock Coat, brown Jacket double breaſted, Buckſkin Breeches, and Boots; but, as he had Money with him, it is ſuppoſed he may have changed his Apparel. Had a Watch in his Pocket. He rode away on a young black Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Buttock MM joined in one, and is low in Fleſh. 1 2 4 2

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him home to his Maſter, ſhall receive Four Piſtoles Reward, if taken in this Province; if taken out of the Province, Six Piſtoles, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOHN INCH.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Maynard*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Bay Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, and a Snip on her Noſe; but is neither branded nor dock'd. X

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of *Stephen Pickering*, deceaſed, are deſired to give in an Account thereof to the Subſcriber, who will divide the Effects in his Hands equally amongſt the Creditors, whoſe Debts are not yet ſatisfied, and of an equal Nature. 3

JAMES DICK, Executor.

STOLEN out of the Subſcriber's Room, at *Upper-Marlborough*, in the Night of the 19th Inſtant, a ſmall Silver Watch (the Maker's Name and Number forgot) and a Pocket-Book containing ſundry valuable Papers, and Fifteen Shillings *Pennſylvania* Currency. X 4

Whoever will bring the ſaid Watch and Pocket-Book to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive a Reward of THREE POUNDS, and no Queſtions aſked. Or, whoever detects the Thief, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall receive the ſame Reward, from

WILLIAM MACKEY.

If the Watch is offered to be pawned or ſold, it is hoped it will be ſtopp'd.

*To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,*

*On Tuesday the 13th of* November *next, at the House of* William Brown, *in* Loudon-Town, *the following Tracts of* LAND *belonging to the Estate of* William Peele, *deceased,*

ONE TRACT called *Simpson's Stones*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapsco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's Bower*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Chance*, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Paddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

*** These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUAT,
JAMES DICK,
JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

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THE Reverend *Thomas Bacon* hereby returns his Thanks to the worthy Gentlemen who have thought proper to encourage his Edition of the LAWS of *MARYLAND* by their Subscriptions: And as the Accounts already received from his Correspondents in some Counties are very favourable, he is now enabled to assure the Public, that the Work will infallibly be Printed, with all possible Expedition, and Orders given for Importing the Paper and other Materials, as soon as the Accounts of his friendly Correspondents in the other Counties shall be received, in order to ascertain the Number of Copies. The Subscription will be kept open till the last Day of *June*, that Gentlemen who have not as yet Subscribed may avail themselves of it; as the few remaining Copies, after the Subscribers are supplied, will not be sold but at an advanced Price.——And he requests his Friends, who have been pleased to take the Trouble of receiving Subscriptions for him, to send Lists of the Number and Names of their several Subscribers to the Printers hereof, by the 15th Day of *July* next, that no Delay to the Work in general, or Disappointment to particulars, may happen for Want of timely Information.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in, by Mr. *Benton Harris*, and Mr. *Isaac Morris*, in *Worcester* County.——Capt. *Henry Lowes*, Capt. *Henry Waggaman*, and Mr. *Levin Gale*, in *Somerset* County.——The Honourable *Henry Hooper*, Esq; Speaker, and Mr. *John Caille*, in *Dorchester* County.——The Honourable *William Goldsborough*, Esq; and Mr. *James Dickinson*, in *Talbot* County.——Mr. *Robert Lloyd*, and *Jonathan Nicholls*, Esq; in *Queen-Anne's* County.——Col. *Joseph Nicholson*, and Mr. *Dennis Dulany*, in *Kent* County.——Mr. *Michael Earle*, and Mr. *Francis Key*, in *Cecil* County.——*John Darnall*, Esq; Mr. *Robert Peters*, and the Editor, in *Frederick* County.—Col. *William Young*, Mr. *Brian Philpot*, Mr. *Daniel Chamier*, and the Rev. Mr. *Thomas Cradock*, in *Baltimore* County.——The Honourable *Daniel Dulany*, Esq; *Edward Dorsey*, Esq; and at the *Printing-Office*, in *Annapolis*.——*William Murdock*, Esq; Dr. *David Ross*, and the Rev. Mr. *Henry Addison*, in *Prince-George's* County.——The Honourable *Richard Lee*, Esq; and Mr. *Samuel Hanson*, in *Charles* County.——*Philip Key*, Esq; and Col. *Abraham Barnes*, in *St. Mary's* County.——Col. *William Fitzhugh*, and Mr. *Charles Grahame*, in *Calvert* County.——Mr. *Robert Morris*, and Mr. *Robert Greenway*, in *Philadelphia*.——The Honourable and Reverend *Thomas Dawson*, President of *William and Mary* College, and *William Hunter*, Esq; at *Williamsburg*, in *Virginia*.

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*Charles* County, *May* 19, 1759.

LEFT in the Warehouse of the Subscriber, about 2 Years ago, a Hogshead of SHOES, mark'd M in a Diamond, N°. 7.

The Owner may have it, by applying to

DANIEL OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER.

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*Upper-Marlborough, May* 30, 1759.

STOLEN or Stray'd from the Fishing Place at the Falls of *Patowmack*, on the 11th Instant, a Dark Brown Gelding, about 13 Hands high, has a bob Tail, blazed Face, both his hind and one fore Foot white. Whoever will deliver the said Gelding to *Richard Elgar*, at Mr. *Hepburn's* Plantation, near *Rock-Creek* Bridge in *Frederick* County, or to the said *Hepburn* at *Upper-Marlborough*, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

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RAN away from *Dumfries* on *Patowmack* River, *Virginia*, in *March* last, a Mulatto Man Slave, named *Dick* (tho' it is probable he may now assume another) Country-born, about 35 Years of Age, a well-made slim Fellow, very active, is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk, stammers in his Speech. Had on a good dark Bearskin Frock-Coat, and Cotton Breeches; but carried with him several other Cloaths. He is by Trade a compleat Wheelwright, and so much of a Smith, as to make the Nails, and shoe those he makes. He is likewise a good Cooper, Sawyer, and House-Carpenter, and has also been employed in small Craft by Water. Mr. *Fox* of *Fredericksburg*, was formerly his Master, and as he has lived in that Town, and other public Places, most Part of his Life, has contracted a pretty general Acquaintance, and may by that Means be conveyed out of this Colony. He has been seen on board several Vessels in *Rappahannock* River, and on board of a Schooner bound to *New-York*; but on being detected as a Runaway, he got clear, by swimming on Shore from the Vessel in *Rappahannock*. He has been outlawed, by which any Person may lawfully kill him. I am informed he goes by the Name of *Jack Simpson*, and has a forg'd Pass, pretending he has served as a Mulatto 21 Years, agreeable to the Laws of this Colony. It is hoped all Captains of Ships, or Commanders of Craft, will be cautious how they entertain so notorious a Villain; for when he is drunk, he will steal any Thing.

Whoever apprehends him, so that he may be secured in some Goal, and contrives me Notice of it, shall receive Forty Shillings; and if brought to me at *Dumfries*, a full Reward for their Trouble, and all reasonable Charges.

ALLAN MACRAE.

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*May* 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in *Queen-Anne's* County School: Any Person properly Qualified, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in. Signed *per* Order,

NATHAN WRIGHT, Register.

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LEFT at Colonel *Barnes's* Warehouse in *St. Mary's* County, some considerable Time ago, a Parcel of WHIP and CROSS-CUT SAWS. The Owner may have them on paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

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*Annapolis, May* 3, 1759.

ANY Person having a Bay-Craft to dispose of, that is sound and well built, which carries not less than Nine Hundred Bushels, and draws not more than Five Feet when Laden, are desired to apply to

JOHN BENNETT.

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PERSONS indebted to Messrs. CUNLIFFE, at their late Concern at *Townside* on *Chester River*, are desired to meet Mr. *John Glassell*, their Factor, at the House of Mrs *Dougherty* at *Chester-Town*, on Tuesday and Wednesday the 19th and 20th of *June*, who being impowered, will attend on those Days, and they on their Parts are desired to be prepared, to make a final Settlement of their Debts so long outstanding. This Time and Place are appointed as convenient both to *Kent* and *Queen-Anne's* Counties. The harsh Measures that must of Necessity be taken with such as disregard this Notice, must not ungenerously be laid at the Door of the Subscriber, whose Duty enjoins him unwillingly to be troublesome, having already tired the Patience of his Constituents with his blameable Forbearance. This Hint is equally addressed to Messrs. CUNLIFFE's Debtors throughout the Province.

H. CALLISTER.

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*Prince-George's* County, *May* 7, 1759.

AS the Western Branch of *Patowmack River*, leading from the River to the Town of *Upper-Marlborough*, has become almost choak'd up and stopped with dead Trees and Rubbish carried into it, which if not removed and cleared away, that Branch will soon be rendered almost Useless, and not sufficient for even an empty Flat to go either up or down; and as it will be of great and public Benefit, especially to all Persons living Contiguous to, or Trading in, that River, that it should be Clear'd, and again made Navigable, some Gentlemen residing thereabouts, not doubting of Encouragement from the Public, in so laudable an Undertaking, are endeavouring to accomplish the same; and for that Purpose have set on Foot, the following small

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

For raising the Sum of Five Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a Public WHARF at *Upper-Marlborough* Town, in *Prince-George's* County, and Clearing the Western Branch of *Patowmac*, from the River to the said Town, to consist of 1500 Tickets, at Two Pieces of Eight each, 496 of which are to be Fortunate, viz.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | of | 250 | Pieces of Eight, is | 250 |
| 2 | of | 100 | are | 200 |
| 2 | of | 75 | are | 150 |
| 3 | of | 50 | are | 150 |
| 4 | of | 25 | are | 100 |
| 6 | of | 20 | are | 120 |
| 8 | of | 10 | are | 80 |
| 20 | of | 5 | are | 100 |
| 450 | of | 3 | are | 1350 |
| 496 | Prizes, amounting to | | | 2500 |
| 1004 | Blanks. | | Sum raised | 500 |
| 1500 | Tickets at 2 Ps. of 8 each, is | | | 3000 |

THE Drawing to be in the Assembly-Room at *Upper-Marlborough*, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend, on Tuesday the Fourth of *September* next, or sooner, if sooner full, which is very probable, as upwards of 500 Tickets were engaged the Day it was agreed upon.

The Managers are *John Hepburn*, *John Cole*, and *Thomas Clarke*, Esqrs.' Messieurs *James Wardrop*, *Clement Hill*, *Colmore Beanes*, *Joseph Sim*, *Daniel Carroll*, *Alexander Symmer*, *Andrew Symmer*, *John Welder*, and *David Crawford*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath, for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the PRIZES to be published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, and the Prizes paid, as soon as the Drawing is finish'd. And those not demanded within Six Months after, to be deem'd as generously given to the above Public Use.

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, and at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*.

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BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,
*STAY-MAKER,*

*Living in* PORT-TOBACCO, *in* Charles *County*,

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEENS, STAYS, after the neatest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and worn inferior to none. Any Gentlewomen, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be complied with, and may be assured the Work shall not be exceeded by any Master Stay-maker now in Being.

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*To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at the House of* Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town *in* Frederick *County, on Wednesday the 20th Day of* June *Instant, the following Tracts of LAND,* viz.

GORDON's *Purchase*, containing 150 Acres, lying near *Little-Anti-Eaton* in *Frederick* County, on which there are some Improvements.

Part of a Tract of Land, called *Exchange and new Exchange Enlarged*, containing 700 Acres, lying between *Rock-Creek* and *Lawrence Owen's*.

*Black Acre*, containing 435 Acres, and lying near the *Sugar Loaf Mountain*.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may be informed of the Title, and Terms of Sale, by applying to Mr. *John Carr* of *Frederick-Town*, or to

JAMES DICK.

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*ANNAPOLIS:* Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertise-